\% Chapter 2 Basics, Chapter 3 Distinctive Features to Matlab, and \% Chapter 4 Arithmetic
echo on
\%EE202 Homework 1
\%Textbook Chapters 2 to 4
${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{My}$ Name
\%Lab Wed 11:00 to 1:50 pm
\%[2.2 page 31] This text file was created by entering:
format compact
diary ee202_hw1
\%When completed enter diary off.
\%Edit in any text editor (including Matlabs)
\%You must include the question (comments between \% *** lines)
\% $\quad * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * ~+~$
\%1. [Matlab for Engineers Practice Exercise 2.4] Perform the following
\% Matrix operations.
\% $\quad$ *************************************
\% a. Define the matrix $a=[2.35 .8$ 9 4.2] as a Matlab variable.
\% b. Find the sine of $a$
\% c. Add 3 to every element in a.
\% d. Define the matrix $b=\left[\begin{array}{ll}5.2 & 3.14 \\ 2 & 3.3\end{array}\right]$ as a Matlab variable.
\% e. Add together each element in matrix a and in matrix b.
\% f. Multiply a by b as defined by the rules of linear algebra.
\% g. Read the Error message and redefine $b$ so the matrices can \% be multiplied.
\% h. Multiply a by b as defined by the rules of linear algebra \% without an error message.
\% i. Redefine a so it can be squared.
\% Learn about the max function by typing.
\% help max

\%2 [2.2, 3.2] Apply the max () function to find the maximum of \% all entries in the following matrices:
\% *************************************
$\mathrm{A}=[1-5-2 ; 34-9 ;-726]$;
$B=[\sin (1) \sin (-5) \sin (-2) ; \sin (3) \sin (4) \sin (-9) ; \sin (-7) \sin (2) \sin (6)] ;$
\% $\quad$ *************************************
\%3 [2.1, 2.2, 4.2t, 4.3] Create a script M-file (File > New > M-File)

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% Following the example in the book, find the arcsine, arccosine, and
% arctangent of the following matrix.
% *************************************
C = [0 0.5 ;0.707107 1.0];
% - Use the display function (page 31) to replace 'ans =' text with the
% name of the function (Arcsine, Accosine, Arctangent).
% - The text string 'ans =' must not appear in your answer.
% - Your answer must be in degrees not radians.
```

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Matlab supports integer data types: int8, int16, int32, and
```

Matlab supports integer data types: int8, int16, int32, and
int64; where 'int' indicates a signed integer saved using 2'
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complement notation, containing n bits (8, 16, 32).
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*************************************
*************************************
%4 [4.1t, 4.2, 4.4] Calculate the range for each data type using Matlab
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arithmetic matrix operators (Table 4.1) and then compare your answers
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using intmin and intmax functions as demonstrated on page 43.
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*************************************
*************************************
- Display all answers as a 1x2 array, where the first element is the
- Display all answers as a 1x2 array, where the first element is the
minimum value and the second element the maximum value.
minimum value and the second element the maximum value.
- for int32 you will need to set the format to long in order to see
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that the answers are in fact the same.
that the answers are in fact the same.
% *************************************
% *************************************
%5 [2.2, 4.3] Using the rand and round functions create a 1x10 array of
%5 [2.2, 4.3] Using the rand and round functions create a 1x10 array of
% random numbers between 1 and 6.
% random numbers between 1 and 6.
% *************************************
% *************************************
echo off

```
```

