### **Keeping a Record of Your Work**

Source: http://www.scribd.com/doc/8961410/Matlab-An-Introduction-to-Matlab Chapters 9, 10, and 13

## Method 1

- 1. Copy (CTRL-C) and Paste (CTRL-V) from Matlab to Word. To copy a figure
- 2. Select Edit / Copy Figure in Matlab and Paste (CTRL-V) in Word.

## Method 2

Issuing the command

>> diary mysession

will cause all subsequent text that appears on the screen to be saved to the file mysession located in the directory in which Matlab was invoked. You may use any legal filename except the names **on** and **off**. The record may be terminated by

#### >> diary off

The file mysession may be edited with a text editor (e.g., Word, emacs) to remove any mistakes. If you wish to quit Matlab midway through a calculation so as to continue at a later stage:

>> save thissession

This will save the current values of all variables to a file called thissession.mat. This file cannot be edited. When you next startup Matlab, type

>> load thissession

and the computation can be resumed where you left off.

## Method 3

Experiment in the Workspace window and then as you complete a task copy Matlab commands to an M-file, with the same name as the lab (ex. Lab1.m) Now whenever you want to review the lab you simply have to type its name (ex. Lab1).

### **Script M-Files**

Script files are normal ASCII (text) files that contain Matlab commands. It is essential that such files have names having an extension .m (e.g., Lab1.m) and, for this reason, they are commonly known as *m*-files. The commands in this file may then be executed using

#### >> Labl

Note: the command does not include the file name extension .m.

It is only the outputs from the commands (and not the commands themselves) that are displayed on the screen. To create a script file in Windows, click on the "New Document" icon at the top left of the main

Matlab window to pop up a new window showing the "M-file Editor". Type in your commands and then save (to a file with a . m extension). To see the commands in the command window prior to their execution:

#### >> echo on

And echo off will turn echoing off. Any text that follows % on a line is ignored. The main purpose of this facility is to enable comments to be included in the file to describe its purpose.

# **Hard Copy**

To obtain a printed copy select Print from the File menu on the Figure toolbar. Alternatively you can save a figure to a file for later printing (or editing). A number of formats is available (use help print to obtain a list). To save a file in "Encapsulated PostScript" format, issue the Matlab command

print -deps fig1
which will save a copy of the image in a file called fig1.eps.